जल-भूतल परिवहन मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री जगदीश टाइटलर) : (क) यह स्कीम मार्च, 1988 में बंद की गई थी ।

(ख) दिल्ली परिवहन निगम के कर्मचारियों की हड़ताल के कारण कि० पी० स्कीम जिसके लिए दि० प० नि० द्वारा कंडक्टर तैनात करना अपरिहार्य था, को जारी रखना संभव नहीं था । यह स्कीम 17-3-88 से बंद की गई ।

(ग) सरकार ने दि० प० नि० में कि० पी० स्कीम को पुन: लागू न करने का फैसला किया था ।

(घ) प्रश्न नहीं उठता ।

(ङ) भारत के नियंत्रक और महालेखा परीक्षक ने 1990 की अपनी रिपोर्ट सं० 6 (व्यवसायिक) में कि० पी० स्कीम को बंद करने के फलस्वरूप दि० प० नि० में हुए 23.32 करोड़ रु० के घाटे का उल्लेख किया है । सरकार उपर्युक्त मूल्यांकन से सहमत नहीं है ।

(च) प्रश्न नहीं उठता ।

World Bank Aid for AIDs Control Programme

*129. SHRIMATI KAMLA SINHA
DR. BAPU KALDATE : Will

the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state :

(a) what is the total World Bank aid received during 1991 and 1992 for the AIDS control programme in the country and what is its allocation to the State Governments; State-wise;

(b) what is the amount actually released for the AIDS Control Programme and the amount which remains unutilised;

(c) whether it is a fact that the media campaign in this regard is yet to be launched;

(d) whether Government have made any appraisal of the AIDS control programme in the country; and

(e) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND) : (a) According to the procedure evolved in consultation with the World Bank, initially the funds are provided through the national budget and subsequently reimbursements are made by the World Bank based on actual expenditure. The assistance from the World Bank became operational in September, 1992. As such the World Bank funds were not available in 1991.

(b) The funds allocated and released to the various participating States and Union Territories by the Government during 1992-93 were as per the annexure [*See* Appendix CLXVIII, Annexure No. 22]. It was not possible for several States and Union Territories to effectively utilise all the funds due to the late start of the programme. The sanctions have all been revalidated. As such, the funds would be utilised during the current year.

(c) A media campaign has been already taken up in hand which is going to be expanded very soon.

(d) and (e) Since the project is less than a year old, the question of appraisal is premature at this stage.

Claims for compensation from Indian Nationals and Companies

*130. SHRI RAM GOPAL YADAV
SHRI ANANT RAM JAISWAL : Will

the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that Government have received claims for compensation from Indian Nationals and Companies which have suffered loss in Kuwait-Iraq War;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof stating when the claims, claim-wise were received; and

(c) what is the number of such claims sent to the UN Compensation Commission till July 15, 1993 ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI R. L. BHATIA) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Details of various types of claim forms prescribed by the United Nations Compensation Commission (UNCC) are given in the enclosed statement. (*See* below)

The last date for receipt of compensation claims of categories 'A', 'B', 'C' and 'D' in the Ministry was 1-12-1992. But claims continue to be received thereafter. The total number of claims of all categories received and registered upto June, 1993 is about 199,000. Of these, about 61,500 claims were found to be duplicate/multiple applications, which were redundant. Another about 5,000 claims of category 'A' were ineligible because the claimants' dates of departure from Kuwait/Iraq did not fall within the

time-frame (2-8-90 to 2-3-91) prescribed by the UNCC, thus leaving a balance of about 1,32,500 claims.

(c) About 122,050. The remainder will be dispatched by the due date.

Statement

FORM 'A' Applicable to all those who departed from Iraq/Kuwait during the period from 2-8-1990 to 2-3-1991. In this form, individuals have the option to claim $ 2,500 (option No. 1) if they are claiming for additional damages in forms 'B', 'C' or 'D', or $ 4,000 (option No. 2) if they forgo claims under any other category. Similarly, families can claim $ 5,000 (option No. 3) if they submit claims under other categories, or $ 8,000 (option No. 4) if they forgo other claims.

FORM 'B' Claim for damages on account of serious personal injury or death.

FORM 'C' Individual claims for damages upto US $ 100,000.

FORM 'D' Individual claims for damages exceeding US $ 100,000.

FORM 'E' Claims of Corporations and other entities.

FORM 'F' Claims of Governments and International Organisations.

Last date for forwarding 'A', 'B', 'C' and 'D' claims to the UNCC by the Government of India has been extended from 1st July, 1993 to 1st October, 1993. The last date for forwarding 'E' and 'F' claims to the UNCC, Geneva is 1-1-1994.

Expenditure incurred on Foreign Tours of Ministers

*131. SHRI PRAVAT KUMAR SAMANTARAY : Will
SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN

the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) what are the country-wise details and purposes of foreign tours undertaken by Union Ministers including their names and dates of visits in the first six months of 1993 month-wise; and

(b) what was the total expenditure incurred on these Ministerial tours, team-wise?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI S. B. CHAVAN): (a) and (b) Information about the foreign tours of Union Ministers viz. expenditure involved, purposes for which such tours are undertaken etc. is maintained in the Ministries concerned. Expenditure is incurred by the concerned Ministries from their budgets, partly in India and partly through the Indian Embassies abroad. For purchase of air tickets, credit coupon service of the Airlines is availed of. The amount involved is subsequently reimbursed to the Airlines concerned by the Pay & Accounts Office, Cabinet Affairs.

Reimbursement of expenditure incurred by the concerned Indian Embassies abroad is done through book adjustment, on receipt of the expenditure details from them.

The Pay & Accounts Office, Cabinet Affairs, has reported that during the first six months of 1993, bills for Rs. 5.26 lakhs were received on this account and paid by that office.

Association of Kashmiri Refugees in the Solution of the Kashmir Problem

*132. SHRIMATI VEENA VERMA
SHRI SUSHILKUMAR SAMBHAJI-RAO SHINDE

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that return of Kashmiri refugees and their resettlement in their homes in that State forms an integral part of the solution of Jammu & Kashmir problem; and

(b) whether the minorities from Kashmiri who had fled their homes in the wake of terrorist activities in that State, settled as refugees in different parts of country are associated in the parleys held for arriving at a political solution of the terrorist affected State, if not what steps are being taken in that direction?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI S. B. CHAVAN): (a) and (b) The permanent rehabilitation of J & K migrants outside their State is not contemplated. Government feel that their return will ensure in maintaining